

COLORED ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

The necessity for a separate provision for the colored insane of this State has long ago been recognized. The imperative duty of providing for off the insane is enforced by section 10, Article IX of the Constitution which directs that all the deaf, dumb, blind, and the insane of the State, shall be cared for at the charge of the State.

Insanity exists among the colored people in as large a proportion as among the whites. The State, under the above provision of the Constitution, cannot evade its duty; consequently all the unfortunate colored patients are crowded into the only building provided as yet for their purpose, to the great detriment of all. For the building at Raleigh is taxed far beyond its capacity even for the whites. The necessity of a separate provision, within the same walls, adds to the discomfort and inconvenience of all.

The same reasons that called into existence the colored institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind now so useful and so well conducted, apply with greater force to the erection of separate buildings for the colored insane. They are subject, under their present position, to treatment upon necessary exercise and amusement, to efficiency as a remedial agency, and also to a harsh, or application of the discipline needed to control them.

The Legislature of 1874-5 made a move in this direction, and authorized the purchase of a building, then on the market, in the city of Wilmington. But the republican party in the Legislature, especially the colored members, affected to take alarm at the purpose to consign their unfortunate brethren to a location, alleged to be unwholesome in climate, and remote in position. And they opposed the scheme with a bitterness that never was surpassed.

The Commissioners appointed to make the purchase, found titles defective, and the whole subject tangled with complications they did not care to involve themselves in, and so the whole question is again opened.

But it must be met, and it ought to be met at this session of the Legislature. We suggest, and not alone on the ground of partiality for the place of our residence, that Hillsboro be selected as the location of the Asylum for the Colored Insane. It is near the geographical centre of the State, it is proverbially healthy. These qualifications dispose of all the objections urged against Wilmington.

As regards buildings expense must be incurred anywhere. Less here than elsewhere. The old Academy buildings, owned by the Trustees of the Academy, might be bought at a moderate price together with the fifteen or more acres attached to it. The location is a beautiful one. The buildings are out of repair, the grounds and the grove going to ruin. But the trustees have no idea of ever reviving the Academy. It is a piece of property that is an elephant on their hands. They ought to be glad to find a purchaser. The proper if bought as we suggest, could soon be removed from its dilapidation at comparative small cost. To the State it would be an excellent bargain. They must buy somewhere. They could not do better than here.

Our own citizens might object to the introduction of an Asylum for colored people here. To such we say, that the inmates would never obtrude themselves upon the public. The institution would be controlled by white men—under the present State administration they would be Democrats. The amount of money put in circulation would stimulate many energies, would create a market for much produce, would set in motion many little wheels.

We make these suggestions, conscious of some opposition even among our own people and uncertain of the ultimate views of the Legislature, but with the belief that the prejudices of our people will be overcome, and the knowledge that the Legislature is almost compelled to act speedily in the matter.

Our friend of the *Sentinel* misconceives our meaning in regard to the temptations offered by Hayes to secure the support of the Southern men. We agree with the *Sentinel* that a policy akin to this would have more than satisfied the South, if adopted years ago. But it has never been the purpose of the Administration to conciliate the South. Its occupation would have been gone if it had cultivated peace and good will here. There was more profit in stirring up and keeping alive contention. It is its purpose now. Those we criticized Mr. Hayes projects because of their insincerity. He tempts only to deceive. He represents the policy of the present administration.

A PICTURE OF THE TIMES.

The New York Herald, through one of its reporters, presents a graphic picture of the distress now prevalent in that great city from want of work. Nearly fifty thousand able bodied intelligent and honest men starving, begging, or demanding admission to penal institutions to keep from crime, and to keep body and soul together until better times dawn upon them.

But that dawn will be long in breaking on them. Long months of a fearful cold winter are before them, through the gloomy hours of which no light gleams to cheer them. For there is no prospect of work. All business is paralyzed by the withering blight of national misadministration. Energy, enterprise, confidence, are all dead, or in suspended animation waiting, not hopefully, for the lifting of the political cloud.

Public charity is overtaxed already for the support of these unfortunate. Private charity responds reluctantly to the exorbitant appeal to its bounty.

In the meantime the suffering goes on and goes on increasing in fearful ratio with the rigors of the season. What then?

There is no ominous muttering of a storm that may break upon, not only New York, but upon all the large cities of the North; a storm that may sweep away in one fierce blast, those barriers that separate the rich from the poor, and equalize in indiscriminate ruin the fortunes of all.

Hear how they whisper: But I tell you, and I tell what I know to be the undercurrent of feeling among thousands of the idle mechanics, that this workingman of this city are not going to starve this winter, nor are they going to be shelterless and see their children dying of cold and hunger either in almshouses or in the streets. Patience comes to be a virtue at some point, and the workmen of this city have exhibited for over three years an exercise of that virtue unparalleled in the history of great commercial cities. It will be a terrible day for New York when the workmen grow desperate. But what is it that drives men to desperation if it is not hunger?

Are not some of the pangs this administration delighted to inflict upon the South about to be distributed by the equal hand of impartial Fortune upon the heads of the Northern people so long insolently happy in their exemption?

TIED OF THE SUBJECT.

Our Caldwell correspondent says that his neighbors express the wish that the editors would cease talking about Tilden and the election. No doubt it is tiresome to men who think they did all their duty in casting their votes, and who neither hold themselves responsible for, or affected by, the results.

A little further reflection will satisfy them that interest cannot cease with the closing of the polls. Questions arise, and consequences depend which must be met and provided for. The closing of the eyes and the stoppage of the ear to passing events do not impede their momentous progress. They will move on to their full maturity either to develop into a stupendous fabric of despotism, or expand into a smiling picture of peace and prosperity the fruits of the triumph of constitutional requirements.

No thinking man can be indifferent to what is now going on. No such man can rest indifferent, whilst this whirlwind is shaking the institutions of the country to their very foundations.

There will be very little more worth contending for if the Republican party achieves a conquest through the use of the army, through daring fraud, through utter disregard to the Constitution. There will be a vast deal to live for, to hope for, to contend for, if the rights of the Democratic candidate are vindicated by the restoration of the subjection of the military to the civil authority, by the exposure and reversal of frauds, by the successful assertion of constitutional limitations.

Editors cannot be blind, they cannot be deaf, they cannot be sear. They would be unfaithful guardians, if they did not keep conscientiously before their readers, the momentous issues of the present hour.

It is no trifling alternative that is now presented to the people, whether they shall have liberty or despotism, peace or turmoil, prosperity or distress, and those alternatives are implicated in the uncertainties attendant upon the adjustment of the question of the Presidency.

South Carolina has two Governors. Do the Republicans mean to give us two Presidents? The just claims of Tilden will not be willingly yielded. The false claim of Hayes will be as hardly recognized. The House will stand up for the one, the Senate which has no legal control in the matter, will stand up for the other.

This Republican are fast inoculating the country with Mexican notions of government.

The Louisiana Returning Board dispute the jurisdiction of the Congressional committee.

The vote of Orange County at the late Presidential election showed an increase over that of the Caldwell and Merrimon vote of 812. Yet there is no less than a home rash enough to say that there was any fraud or intimidation, except that produced by the presence of federal deputy marshals in disguise. All was fair, open and honest, and both sides accepted the result as the real voice of the county.

What is true of Orange, is true of North Carolina, and the grand majority of upwards of 17,000 is unshaken by whatever might make it questionable. It is left to the carpet bag element, the spawn of corruption, the eager ministers to all dirty work, to Keogh, and Ball and Tourgee, to allege fraud and bring the not of North Carolina before the corrupt and prejudiced bar of the Senate.

The Republican leaders leave no stone unturned to reach their aim: nor will they leave untouched any stone that upholds the fabric of constitutional government.

If North Carolina is thrown out, then throw everything else out of the window. But it can't be done.

Hayes tries to smooth his path to power by soft phrases and fair promises. He would distribute office among Southern Democrats, and cast off the thieves that fit on this administration. Tell this to the marines. Will Morton and Chandler, and Cameron whose ruling principle is hatred to the South, permit that he shall be just, or generous, or conciliating to the South? Will Shepherd, or Babcock, or Robeson and the pack that draw their living from public plunder, consent that the administration be purged by such an element? These are the men that stand by Hayes; that press his claims; that override all law, and are ready to plunge the country into war rather than Hayes be not seated.

Can Hayes cut loose from these men? The thing is preposterous.

The Constitutional Amendments were adopted by a majority of 13,685. This is at least the fact of numerous politicians that the people were not ready for the question. A great idea never gives fruit through halting leadership.

The Democrats of Baltimore have selected the Fifth Maryland Regiment to escort President Tilden to Washington at the time of his inauguration.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Before the inauguration of Hampton, Speaker Wallace produced and read the following official statement from the Secretary of State: "Vote for Governor elected in 1876: Hampton 22,361 votes; Chamberlain 91,127 votes."

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE. I, J. H. E. HAYNE, Secretary of State, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the vote for Governor at the general election of 1876, as appears by the commissioners' returns now on file in this office.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the State, at Columbia, the 9th day of December, 1876, and in the 101st year of American independence.

J. H. E. HAYNE, Secretary of State.

GROSS CARELESSNESS.

The carelessness of county officers in making returns of the recent elections is without any sort of excuse, and those who failed to make returns correctly should not again be entrusted with public business. There is no excuse for carelessness, and ignorance is no plea for a county officer.

If the vote of North Carolina had been close this year the Democrats would have lost in elections for important officers in consequence of the ignorance and carelessness of returning officers.

For instance, in counting the vote of the State, on the Constitutional Amendments, by Chief Justice Pearson, last week, the vote of three counties were thrown out in consequence of the carelessness of returning officers, though, fortunately, there was enough majority in the other counties to secure the adoption of the Amendments.

The three counties of Cherokee, Graham and Robeson were thrown out on account of informality in the returns. The returns for Cherokee were signed by the County Commissioners, whereas the law specially directs that the returns on this election should have been signed by the Sheriffs of the several counties. The returns for Graham and Robeson were not signed at all, and the commissioners could not do otherwise than to throw out all three of the counties.

The vote on the Amendments stand: For Ratification 120,159; For Rejection 106,554—majority for Ratification 13,605. If the vote of the three counties thrown out had been counted, the majority for the Amendments would be 14,801—Charles Democracy.

QUINCY.

What right has Grant to send his soldiers into the Capitol of South Carolina?

ANSWER. The same right with which he will order them to take possession of the National Capitol on the 5th of March next! Right with him is might. He has his soldiers ready for Hayes inauguration. —Washington *Sentinel*.

HAMPTON INAUGURATED.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 15.—The inauguration of Hampton took place from 10 o'clock until 11 o'clock, and was a scene in itself of unusual interest. The streets of both cities, and the house-tops were covered with spectators. At 3:30 o'clock Hampton was escorted to the stand amid demonstrations of great enthusiasm. The members of the General Assembly, occupied the space immediately surrounding the stand, with the crowd in the rear. Gen. Hampton then read his inaugural address, of which the following is an extract:

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives: It is with feelings of the profoundest solicitude that I assume the arduous duties of a grave responsibility of the high position to which the people of South Carolina have called me. It is a task which I feel unworthy to undertake, but I feel that I have no choice but to accept it. In a time of profound peace, when no legal officer had been elected, I was the proper discharge of his functions we have witnessed a spectacle almost to every patriotic heart and fatal to the Republic institutions—federal troops used to promote the success of a political party. Undismayed, though shocked by this gross violation of the constitution of the country, our people with a determination that we force could not be broken, kept steadily and peacefully in the path of duty, resolved to assert their rights as American freemen, at the ballot box great court of final resort, before which must be tried the grave questions of the supremacy of the constitution and the stability of our country, and our institutions. What the verdict of the people of South Carolina has been, you need not be told; it has reverberated throughout the State and its echoes come back to us from every land where liberty is venerated, declaring in tones that can not be mistaken that standing on the constitution of our country we propose to obey the laws, to preserve as far as in us lies, its peace and honor, and to carry out in good faith every pledge made by us for reform and to a government.

We intend to prove to the world the sincerity of our declarations that the sole motive which inspired the grand contest we have so successfully made was not the petty ambition for party supremacy, but the sacred hope of redeeming our State. But it was sought to wrest the fruits of this victory from us by a gigantic fraud, and a base conspiracy. When the members elect of the general assembly repaired to the capital to take seats, armed soldiers of the Federal Government confronted them and their certificates of election were examined and passed upon by a corporal of the guard. It was amid these appalling scenes that the members of the general assembly were called on to assume their duties as the representatives of a free State and that one of the original thirteen, who was our independence and framed our constitution, was deluged the free exercise of their rights by the presence of an armed force. A legal quorum of the Lower House, after placing on record their protest, quietly withdrew from the Capitol and proceeded to organize that branch of the General Assembly. You have seen a majority of the House usurp the powers of the whole body; you have seen the majority expelled from their hall by threats of force; you have seen persons having no shadow of a claim as members, admitted to seats as Representatives by the votes of men who themselves were acting in direct violation of the constitution; and you have seen the last crowning act of infamy by which a candidate for the office of Governor defeated by the popular vote, had himself declared elected by his conspirators. It is due to my position as the Chief Magistrate of this Commonwealth to place on record my solemn and indignant protest against acts which I consider as subversive of civil liberty and destructive of our form of government.

A great task is before the Conservative party of this State. They entered on this contest with a platform so broad, so strong, so liberal that every honest citizen could stand upon it. They recognized and accepted the amendments to the constitution in good faith; they themselves to work reform and to establish good government; they promised to keep up an efficient system of public education, and they declared solemnly that all citizens of South Carolina of both races and of both parties should be regarded equal in the eye of the law; all to be fully protected in the enjoyment of every political right now possessed by them. To the faithful observance of these pledges we stand committed, and as the representatives of the Conservative party I held myself bound by every dictate of honor and of good faith to use every effort to have the pledges redeemed fully and honestly. Let us show to all of them that the true interest of both races can best be secured by cultivating peace and promoting prosperity among all classes of our fellow citizens. I rely confidently on the support of the members of the General Assembly in my efforts to attain these laudable ends, and I trust that all branches of the government will unite cordially in this patriotic work. If so united and working with resolute will and earnest determination, we may hope soon to see the dawn of a brighter day for our State. God in His infinite mercy grant that it may come speedily and may He shower the richest blessings of peace and happiness on our whole people.

At the close of the address the oath of office was administered by Trial Justice Marshall, Hampton as Governor and to W. D. Simpson as Lieutenant Governor.

A GARD.

No all who are suffering from the errors and influences of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of vitality, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you. FARRER'S CURE. This great remedy was discovered by a physician in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. FARRER, Station D, Middle House, New York.

CALL AT KIRKLAND & CO. FOR FINE OLD IMPORTED BRANDY, Old Tom Gin, Old Rye Whiskey.

ND a general line of

GROCERIES.

Consisting in part of COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, MOLASSES, FLOUR, CORN, BACON, SOAP, PEPPER, CANNED GOODS, CRACKERS, PICKLES, CONCENTRATED LYE, &c.

Which we propose to sell at LOWEST Market rates. In addition to GROCERIES, we will keep.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE & HARDWARE.

Soliciting a share of the Patronage of the Citizens and the Buyers, who visit this Market. We subscribe ourselves.

KIRKLAND & CO.

WE will take CORN, WHEAT, OATS, &c., in exchange for Goods. Collicie Clark is with us, and will be pleased to see his old friends.

May 15.

Dr. D. A. Robertson, Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Tuesday of every month.

And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.

Orders left with Charles M. Parky will be promptly attended to.

March 4 ty.

John H. Tyler & Co., Successors to MITCHELL AND TYLER.

1065 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated Ware.

GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.

WATCHES REPAIRED to the best advantage.

HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.

EP Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise.

Oct. 3 ty.

ST. JAMES HOTEL.

12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capital Square

Richmond, Va.

T. W. Hecanrigh, PROPRIETOR.

A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assumes control of the traveling public.

Charges reduced to \$1.50 and \$2 per day, according to size and location of rooms, with uniformity in every other respect.

J. M. MURKIN, C. M. HUTCHINGS, J. A. REEDNOR.

Murrie, Hutchings & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

SPAPLE, DRY GOODS, FERTILIZERS, &c.

R. W. Lawton & Co's. old stand, MAIN STREET, DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.

Oct 4 ty.

THOS. McCULLY, GEM SALOON.

Craighead Street (Near Main), Danville, Va.

KEEPS supplied with FISH, OYSTERS and GAME (in season), and can serve them in any manner in his Restaurant. He will stock with choice Liquors, Cigars and the best brands of chewing Tobacco.

BILLARD TABLES, Billiard, Pool, and other tables, and is lighted by Gas, & Call Solicited.

Oct 4 ty.

A. L. Elliott & Co., IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

No. 8, 10 and 12th St. RICHMOND, VA.

OFFER to the Merchants of the South, the LARGEST and CHEAPEST assortment of GOODS they have ever been able to offer for trade.

Oct 4 ty.

E. D. HEARTT, WITH SEDDON and BRUCE, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

GROCERIES and LIQUORS, VIRGINIA STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

appt. 13 Cm.

The Raleigh Record.

Terms of the Record for 1876.
For 1 year, \$1.00.
For 6 months, 50c.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly, cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

See publication of the New York Sun on the 1st page. The Sun is a thoroughly democratic, and is conspicuously bold and patriotic in this trying crisis.

The School of the Mingo Nash and Miss Kollock closes this week to open again in February. We hope its resumption of duty will be accompanied by increased patronage. It is fully deserving of the most generous appreciation of parents and guardians.

Reading Club.

A reading club has just started its pleasant career, furnishing intellectual amusement to our young people. Mr. Willie Jones is President. We wish it a prosperous existence.

We thank our Caldwell correspondent for his timely letter, and will be glad to hear from him often. He is the first to respond to our invitation.

There will be no paper sent from this office next week in deference to the precedent established by good Mr. Hewitt. Our correspondents thank him that his example gives them this little period of rest in the year. No gallery slave in more tightly lashed to his chair than the type to his case, and our patrons will sympathize with him in his enjoyment of this brief respite of perfect liberty.

See Howell's column on this page. It is well worthy of consultation.

Everybody enjoyed the holiday, true spring like air of last week, which came in grateful contrast to the rigorous winter breath of the preceding one.

Our Cedar Grove friends are preparing a beautiful Christmas tree, for the benefit of their good friends, which needs a little help to bring it through its pecuniary troubles.

The Military Academy brought its session to a close last week, and the young men have all gone home. We believe all of them will return—all of them pleased with the school. The system of instruction is excellent, and Messrs. Hamilton and Nelson unsurpassed in devotion to their duties. We hope to see a large addition to their patronage next session, and there is no institution more worthy of it.

Chapel Hill News.

The Hotel at Chapel Hill lately under the charge of Dr. W. P. Mallett, will pass into the hands of Mrs. Rose. How on the 1st of January. Mrs. Rose has had the control of the Exchange Hotel at Raleigh for the last three years, and has given satisfaction to the public. We wish her success at Chapel Hill.

Our thanks are due to the attention of the Hon. J. J. Davis which daily supplies our table with the Congressional Record.

Call on Ed. Rosemond and he will fix you up something nice for Christmas.

Tar Heel Abroad.

We wish the following from the Richmond, Va. to show that the fame of our 11. P. Jones "Tar Heel" is established abroad. We are glad to notice, as we are sincerely gratified at the good repute of our town productions. As we do not smoke, we do not puff, and we are to be believed when we say "Tar Heel" is good. "Mr. George Schen" will accept our thanks for a nice supply of the celebrated "Tar Heel" smoking tobacco. It is a fine article. By the way, Mr. Schen's stock is a complete one in every respect, and what a smoker can't find there isn't to be found anywhere.

The Review.

We are glad to welcome again to our table the Wilmington Review which appears again after a brief suspension. Mr. James, our good friend, has energy, ability and experience, and it will be no fault of his if the Review is not a success.

Mothers do not let your darlings suffer with the Whooping Cough. If you have a coughing child, send for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and the little sufferers will soon be well. Price, 25 cents.

Our friends on the way home a few evenings since, just as the shades of night were falling around him, was assailed by a huge possum, which obstructed the highway with his fat carcass, after a brief contest, the rash brute succumbed to the misadventure of the assailant party and was paid the price of his temerity by appearing upon the smoking board of the victor.

Go to Rosemond's for Santa Claus goods.

There was a light fall of the beautiful snow here on Monday.

ROAD-TRAIL.

How to Improve the Road by the State.

A bill has been introduced into the State the right to the labor of the State for the construction or improvement of certain highways in the State.

We should like to see the privilege extended to Orange County.

Crime, as at present, is not only a social evil, but a social curse. The convicted spends his time idly in jail, perhaps sharpening his wits for his next venture in crime.

We think there is a remedy. The successful experiment of a large scale of the use of the State Prison in the construction of the Western North Carolina Railroad has been successful, but only a new era in the history of crime.

The mountain is not through and the valley filled up, and this is one of those rare instances in human calculations where good comes out of evil.

What is done for Rail Roads may be done for ordinary highways.

We look in vain for any improvement in our roads under present laws.

Let the road commissioner be appointed. Let the contractor for short terms be turned over to him. Let him begin work on a road "over" which there is the most traffic, say between Durham and Chapel Hill.

THE UNIVERSITY—PROVISION FOR INDIGENT STUDENTS.

We referred last week to the liberal offer made by the trustees to give gratuitous instruction to one student from each county in the State.

But even this advantage falls to meet the case with many equally eager for a liberal education. The cost of tuition is a minor item of expense compared with board.

The different counties in the State must therefore come to their assistance, if they are in earnest in fostering merit.

Let the individual counties come to their aid. Let each county provide for the maintenance of at least one young man at Chapel Hill.

That institution earnestly invites all the sons of the farmer and mechanic as cordially as the son of the merchant and professional man.

If you want good oysters, and cheap oysters, call at T. M. Utley's Saloon. He can supply you at the very lowest figure.

The work of mutilation still goes on unchecked by the authorities and the once beautiful trees of our streets stand ghastly wrecks of their former beauty.

We have very much to begethaling that the friends who helped this crusade after having only their limbs and tops, be altogether cut down and young trees planted.

I have a great deal of money to raise by the middle of January. All my fall purchases are then due.

For the Recorder.

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The New York Herald with great confidence predicts that we will see a possible solution of all our troubles.

Many thousands of dollars have been spent in distributing free of charge, sample bottles of Bousche's German Syrup to all parts of this country.

Parents, do you love your children? Two protect their health. Next to the blessing of life itself, the enjoyment of perfect health.

For consumption, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, throat and lung diseases.

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100 YEARS AGO.

THE GOOD OLD MAN

SANTA CLAUS

Has come.
Has gifts for the Young and the Old. He treats all alike—is blind. COME AND SEE HIM.

Nov. 26th '76.

CLAUDE W. BROWN.

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